

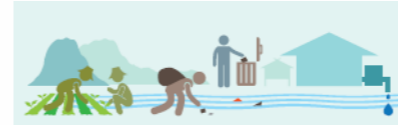
Target groups



Nam Xong Task Force (NXTF)



Local authorities



Water users in Nam Xong sub-river basin e.g. farmers, fishermen, hotel owners and households.

Beneficiaries

~1,000

Authorities, officers, villagers, students, teachers benefited from the project

>20

Villages benefited from the project

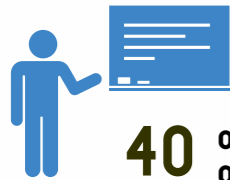


Project Results

60 government officers trained on



1. Project management
2. Water resources management
3. River-basin management
4. Collecting water sample
5. Environment management
6. Public participation
7. Water quality monitoring
8. Awareness raising



40 officers improved as resource persons on water management issues

Nam Xong water quality protection regulation enforced by 3 district governors

1. Kasy
2. Vangvieng
3. Hinheup



District task team established and provide training in technical awareness and promotion

Management structure of sub-river basin committee is developed and initial task force established.



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pilot villages raised awareness and made improvements

1. Nasungthong

Regulations for upstream forests protection and catchment management in place. Bio-compost is applied in farming, replacing chemical fertilizer.

2. Phudindaeng

Students and schools became entry point for awareness raising and education. Simple grease traps were installed for household waste water treatment.

3. Hintid

River is more protected e.g. by building a centralised small-scale waste water treatment system.

600

people are directly informed about new regulations and solutions



In the Framework of Sufficiency Economy Philosophy (SEP) and Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

Moderation

Villagers

- Agree to use water resources in a more mindful and sustainable way by new regulations

Reasonableness

Villagers

- Raise awareness
- Build knowledge and develop water protection regulations
- Construct waste water and water protection measures in pilot villages

Resilience

Villages/sub river basin

- Prevent water resources problems in the future in an integrated manner
- Reduce vulnerability of eco-systems which also has economic and social impact

Knowledge

- Apply Thai experience of practical regulations and technical solutions to improve water resources management in river basin

Morality

- Enforce community engagement in environmental protection and establish rules and regulations
- Support cooperative and thoughtful use of resources

6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION



Water pollution is reduced and sanitation systems are built to ensure clean water supply and to protect ecosystem services.

8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH



Better water treatment will also help to sustain productivity in e.g. agriculture, animal farming, fishery, tourism.

15 LIFE ON LAND



Freshwater ecosystems in the Namxong area including the restoration of upstream forests are improved.

17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS



Lao-Thai-German partnership synergise know-how and resources in strengthening sectoral and national structures



Lao-Thai-German Trilateral Cooperation



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