



Advancements in Solar Water Pumping

Building next generation water solutions



Scene setting – solar pumping goes mainstream

The Solar Water Pumping Company



VIDEO

Solar Pumping: A Cheaper and Cleaner Way to Access Groundwater





Water supply: a global challenge

- more water needed for **people, crops & animals**
- Changing weather patterns, resources stretched
- Pumping water requires **energy**
- Fossil fuels are **expensive and are not sustainable**
- Grid power often **not available** of **bad quality** or **not reliable**

***So what do we see driving
solar water pumping deployment today?***



Price of PV

- PV prices have dropped by 10x
- Almost any size of solar pump system is feasible
- Grid parity price is reached in many countries
- For pumping ROI is fast, always <2 years against a diesel generator



Energy (water) security

- Degree of reliance on the grid
- Political influence on fuel and power
- Increasing awareness of natural disasters (fire / flood / earthquake / tsunami)

Energy (water) security

- Water is dependent on external factors
 - How stable is your grid connection ?
- Availability of fossil fuels is not secure
 - Global politics
 - Refineries
- Delivery of fuels are a risk





Operating costs

- Consideration of lifetime costs
- Cheapest today might hurt later
- Much more considered investments with a long term view

Operating Costs

- Are always increasing
- Need to be minimized
- Funding for legacy projects is less available (not news worthy)
- Engaging private partnerships





Solar water pumping solutions

Smaller Communities – PS2 range

- Maximum efficiency
- DC brushless motor
- Full monitoring and management capability
- Very reliable
- Long life expectancy
- Hand pump replacement
- Livestock
- Small scale irrigation



Ground Water Extraction – PSk2

- Solar direct systems
- Optimized controllers to maximize yields
- Up to 30kW per pump - head up to 300M
- Hybrid solutions available
- Perfect for large communities and urban water supply



Irrigation – PSk2

- Transformational technology
 - Fields from deserts
- Multiple pumps for very high flow
- All irrigation methods
 - Drip
 - Sprinkler
 - Pivot
- „Growing prosperity“





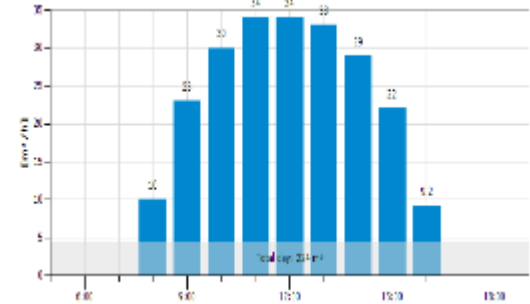
Advancements in Solar Water Pumping

Solar and pump basics, system design

Thinking about solar pumps

- Our power source is variable
 - Power varies through the day
 - We have seasonal differences
 - Weather changes power

- We design for solar direct
 - Let the intelligent controller make the best of the available power
 - Dedicated PV for the pumps (no sharing)



Thinking about solar pumps

Water per day

Historically pumps have been specified based on the flow they deliver per minute or hour. With solar pumping you are looking to maximise the water pumped while the sun shines. For this reason gallons per day is the critical measurement.

Always talk about customer **requirements per day** rather than per hour to avoid confusion

Store water not electricity

Relying on batteries to pump water overnight introduces cost and complexity to a solution. Batteries are heavy, expensive, difficult to transport and dispose of and have a limited (3 year typically) life.

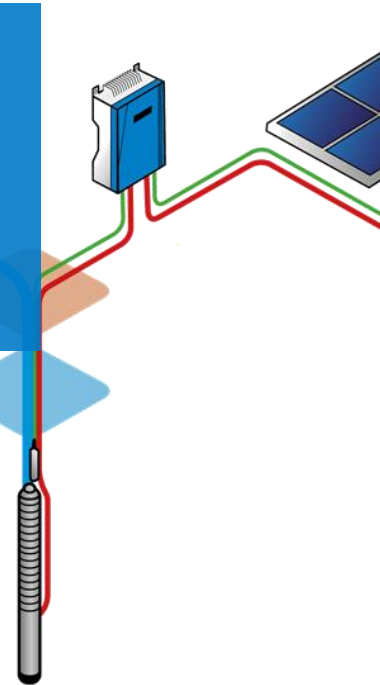
Storing water in an elevated tank is efficient and means water is always available

A simple solar pumping system

Water for people , crops and animals

Water storage for 24 hour operation – no batteries

Digital pump controller optimizes pump running to available power
High efficiency pump either in a well or in a surface water source



Systems can be managed and monitored remotely

PV modules generate electricity

Real world components





Advancements in Solar Water Pumping

Solar and pump planning

Product range available today



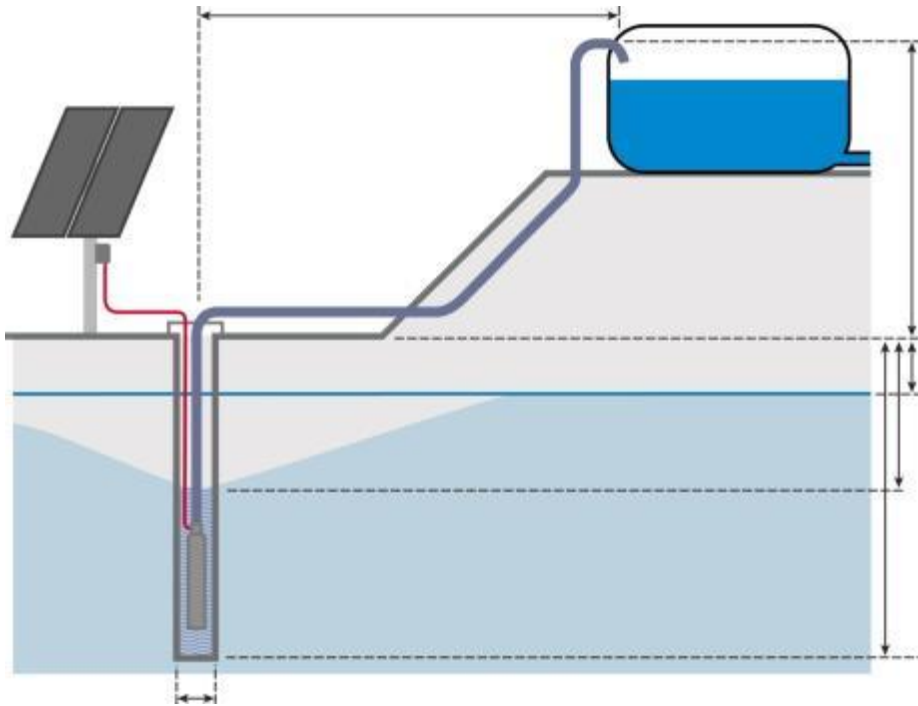
**<\$1,200
Selling Price**

450m (1800ft) of Head

550m³ (2200usg) / hour



Pump terms



Static head (=static lift)

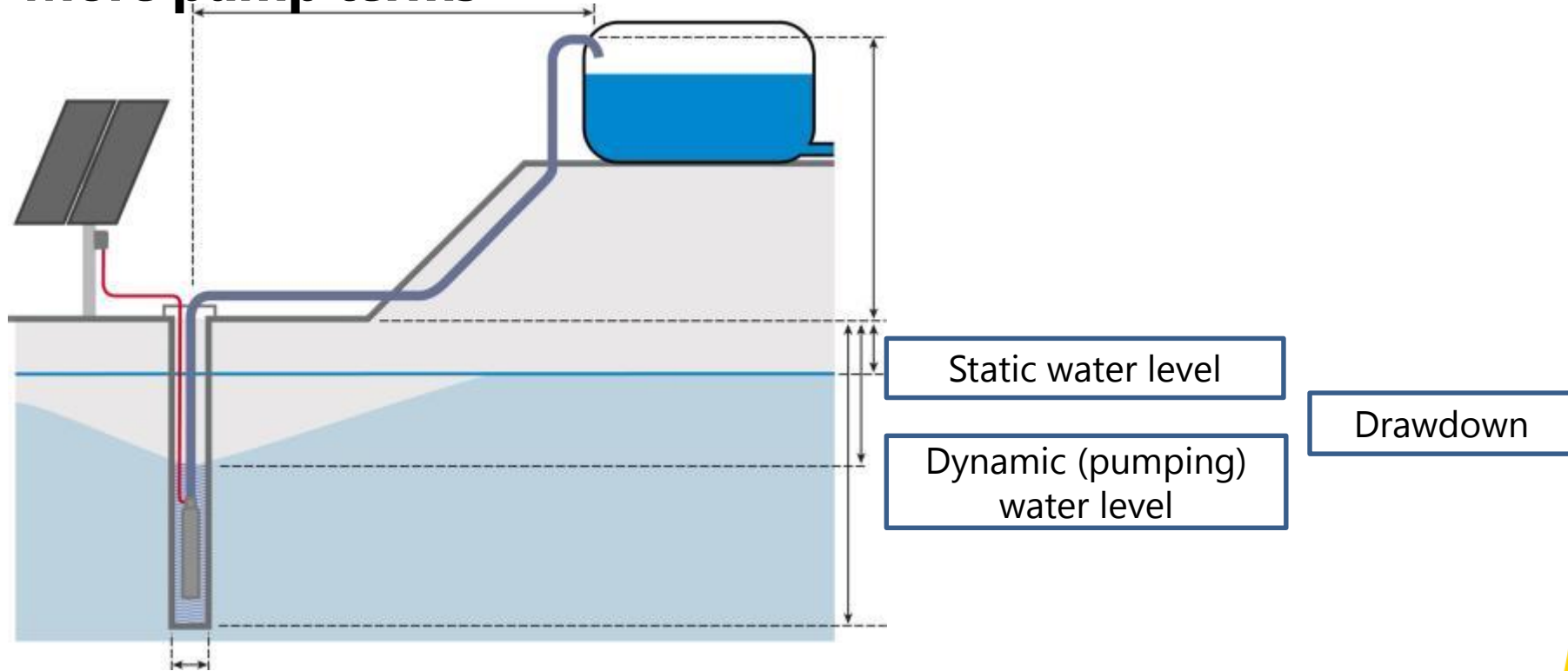
The Vertical distance between:

- Lowest point of the water source (dynamic (pumping) water level)

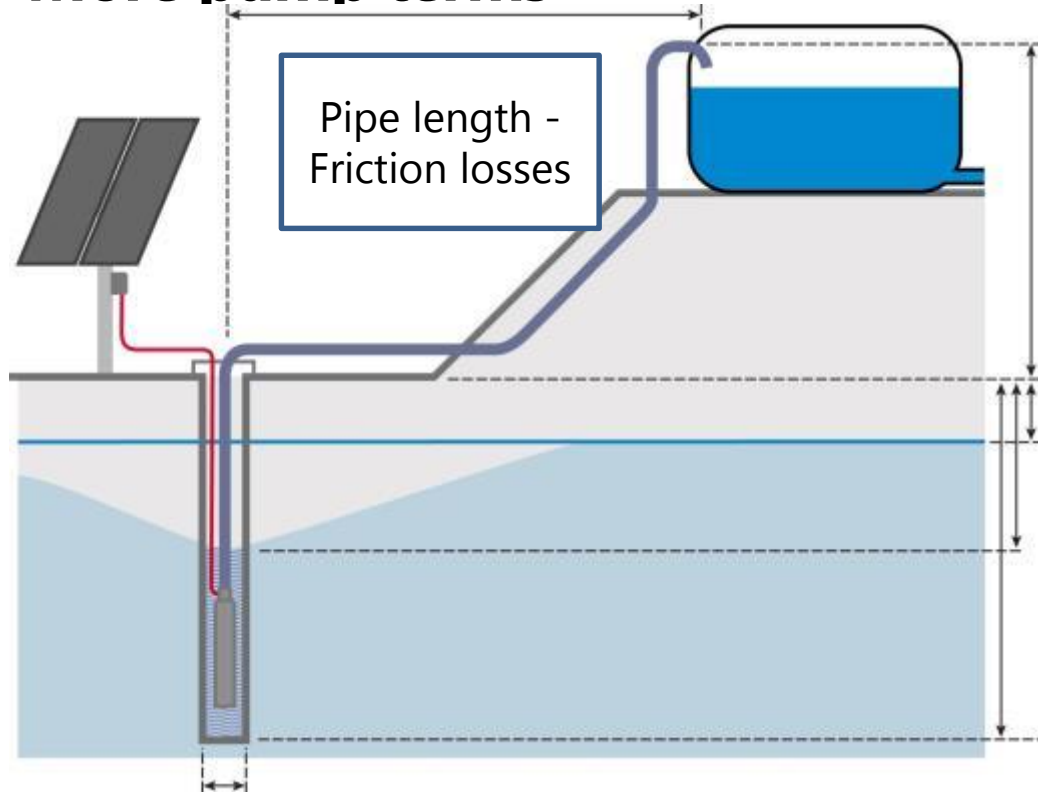
and

- Highest point of water delivery (e.g. top of a tank)

More pump terms



More pump terms



Total Dynamic Head
=
Vertical lift
+
Pipe length - Friction losses
+
Pressure required (bar x 10 = m)

Concept – LORENTZ system components

Solar generator or
Solar array



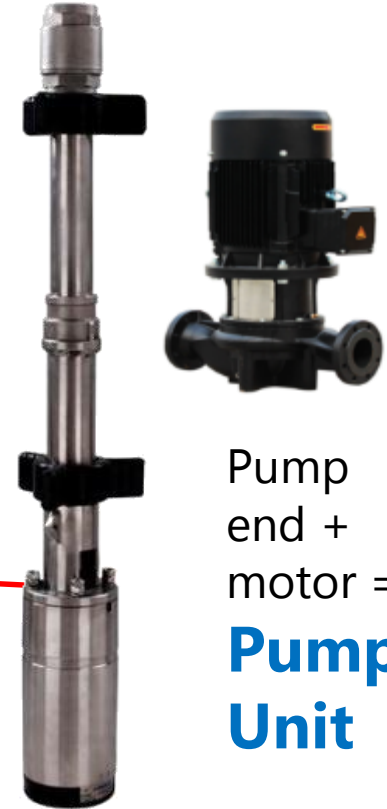
Controller + pump unit
= **Pump System**



Controller

ECDRIVE – DCMotor

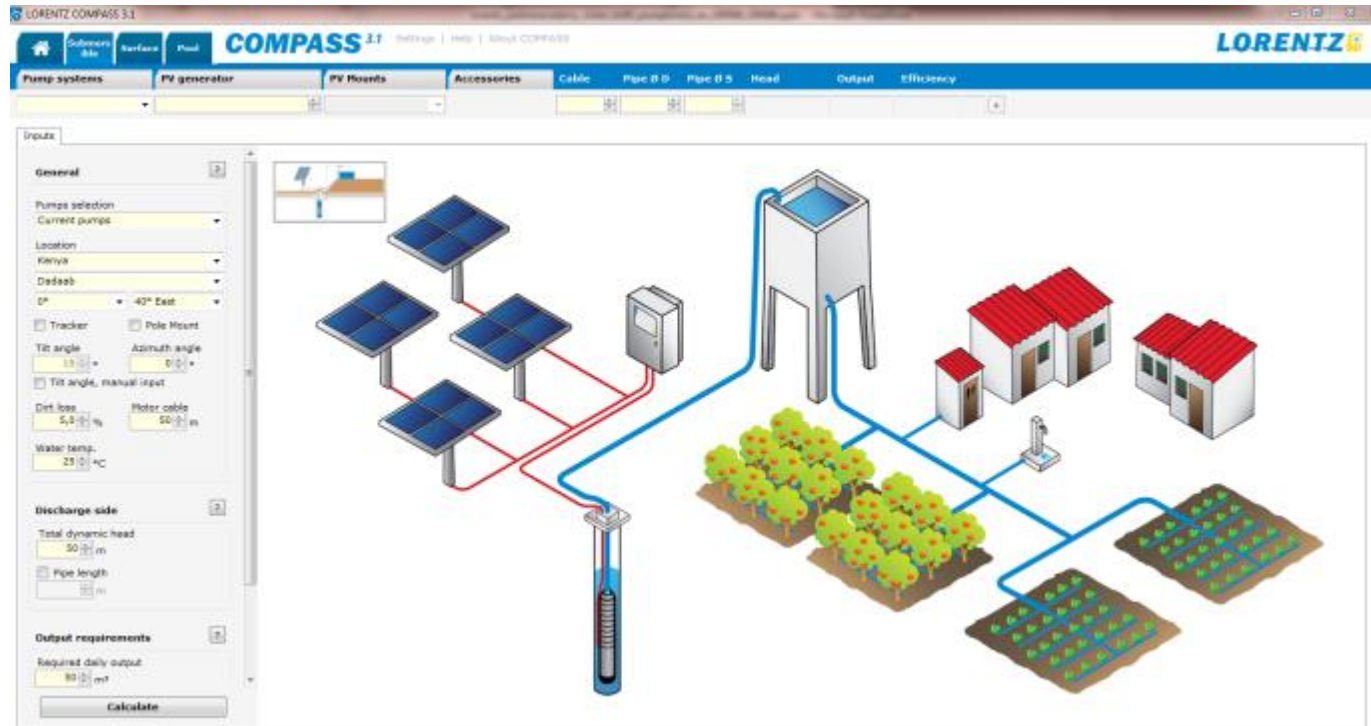
Pump end



Pump
end +
motor =
**Pump
Unit**

LORENTZ sizing SW COMPASS

- Location
- TDH or static head and pipe length
- Required daily flow

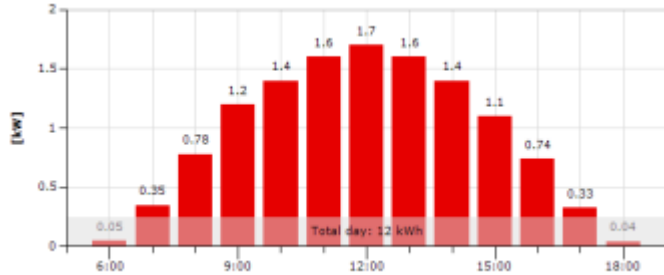




Advancements in Solar Water Pumping

The right match of system components is important!

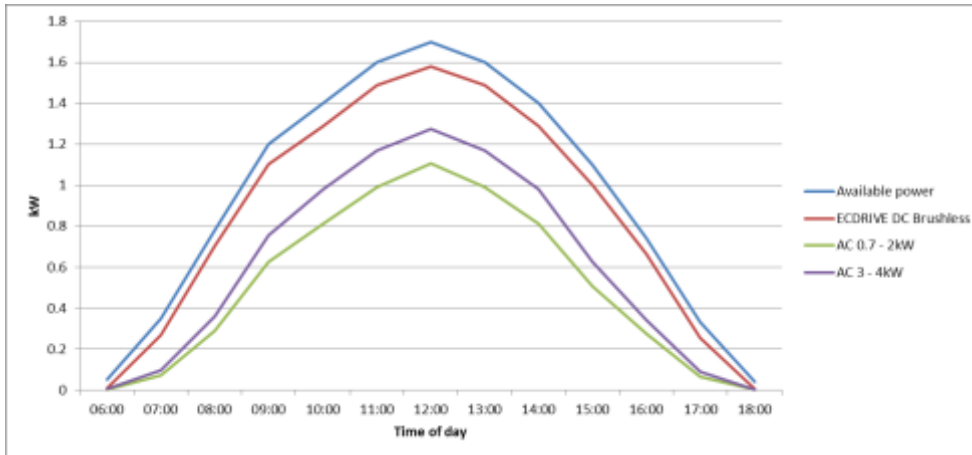
Efficiency example – motor technology



Average day in Jaipur

12kWh of energy from 2.6kWp of modules

Then we map on the motor efficiency



Average day efficiency

ECDRIVE = 91%

AC <3kW = 53%

AC >3kW = 64%

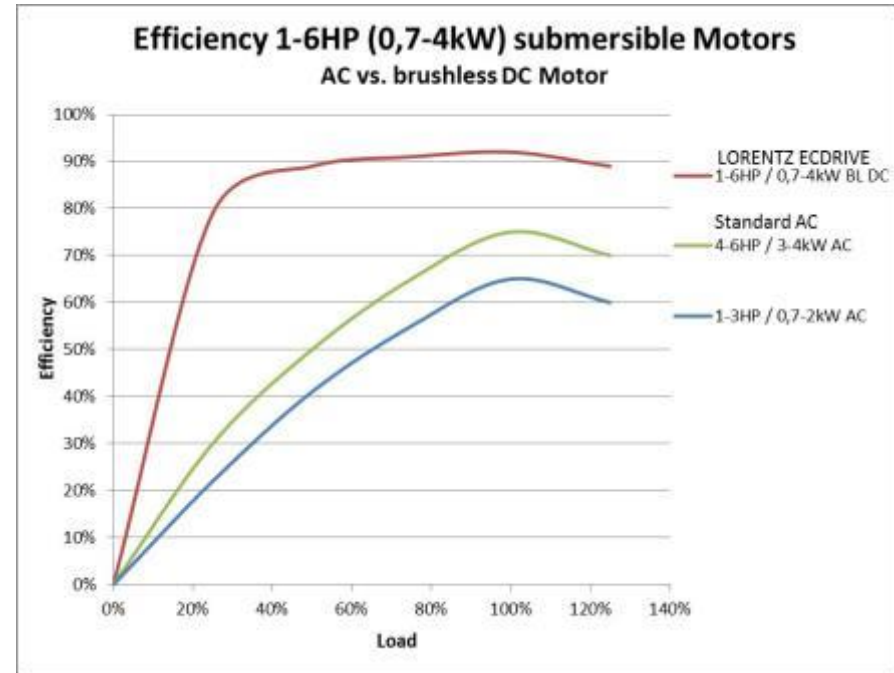
For the equivalent of 2.6kWp on the ECDRIVE

AC <3kW needs 4.4kWp

AC >3kW needs 3.7kWp

LORENTZ ECDRIVE motor

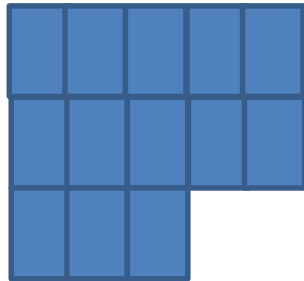
- DC brushless motor
- Very high efficiency across a wide power range
- DC brushless motors are a perfect match for solar generators (variable power available)
- 20-30% better peak efficiency
- Variable nature of solar means >40% better avg. efficiency



What does efficiency look like?

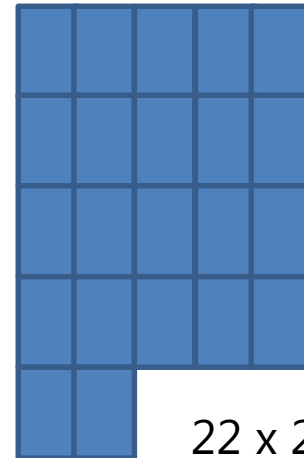
- To achieve the same water output (28,000 gallons/day)

LORENTZ 



13 x 200Wp modules

AC motor competitors



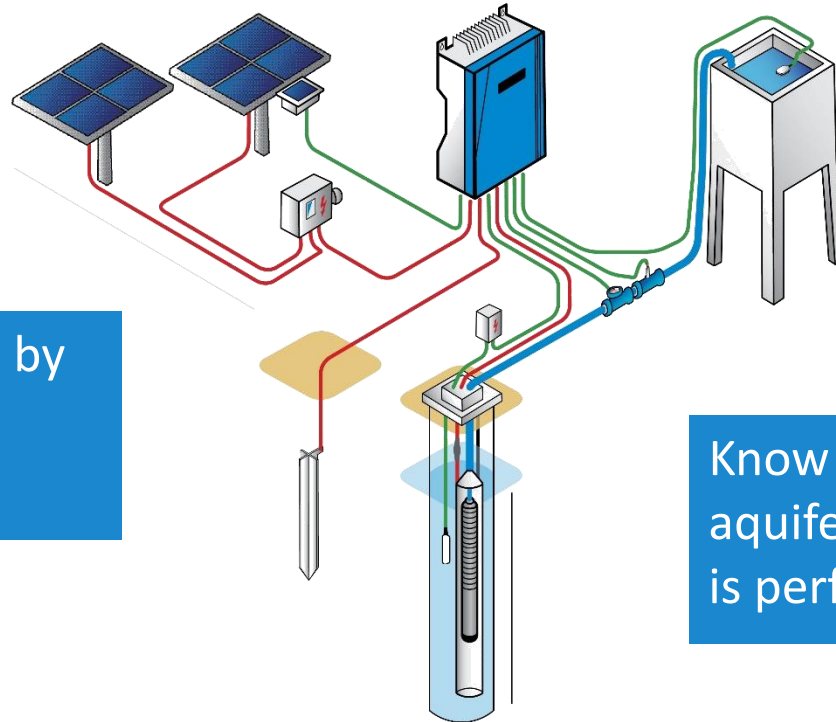
22 x 200Wp modules

But modules are cheap, does it matter?

- Modules +
 - Space - lost agricultural area
 - Transport of extra modules and racking
 - Mounting system
 - Cable and wiring
 - Installation time



Making sense of sensors

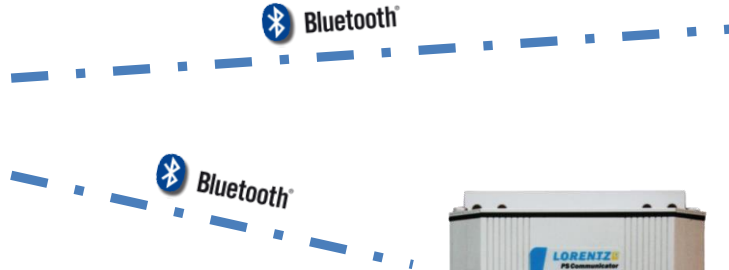


Know how much water there is in a tank

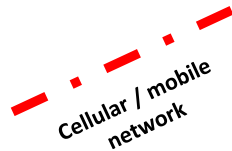
Control pump by water level

Know how the aquifer / borehole is performing

All LORENTZ products are CONNECTED



PumpScanner



PS Communicator

- Fully integrated DataModule on mainboard
- New extended protocol for more data collection
- Higher sensor resolution
- Improved diagnostics

Small scale in Laos

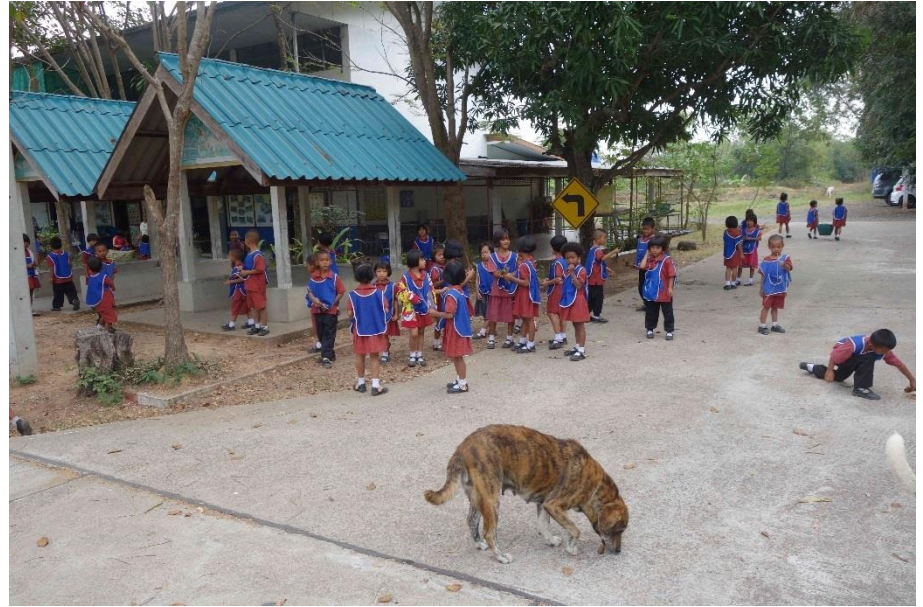
- Low pressure drip
- Small tank for 24 hour irrigation



Thailand temple & school water supply scheme

- 30 m³ water per day @ 20 m TDH
- Water for 15 monks and 100 students







***Thank you for
your attention!***